WITH ATTORNEY-GENERAL SPEAKING

SCENE IN SUPREME COURT HEARING,

The sale today is at the rate of OVER A MILLION

BOXES A MONTH, proving that the American people recognize, that what is BEST FOR THEM is none too good.

Why this enormous patronage?

The answer is simple: Cascarets are pure, clean, sweet, mild, fragrant, harmless but effective little tablets for the treatment and cure of Constipation and all Bowel Troubles. They are put up in neat little enamel boxes, easy to buy, easy to carry (in vest-pocket or purse), easy to take and easy of action, always reliable, always the same, they "work while you sleep" and wake you up feeling fine in the morning.

They not only regulate the movement and stimulate the muscular walls of the bowels, but they keep the ENTIRE CANAL CLEAN and antiseptic, forcing out and destroying all disease germs that breed in the accumulated fifth unless promptly and regularly discharged. Therefore, they are a great preventive of disease, and may be taken continuously as a precautionary measure.

The new Pure Drugs Act, adopted by Congress on June 30, 1906, and in effect January 1, 1907, is a GOOD LAW and means better and PURER drugs for the American People. We endorse it and will live up to it in SPIRIT and LETTER,—an easy task, as we have always been actuated by the same principles and no changes are required in our formula or pack-

age.
We adopted OUR OWN PURE DRUG LAW in 1896 when the first box of Cascarets came on the market and have lived and worked and pro-

duced under it ever since.

To-day, after a record of nearly 100,000,000 boxes sold, Cascarets STAND the greater in PURITY, QUALITY and MEDICINAL MERIT than any other preparation for Bowel trouble in all the world.

This should be a great argument for any one, to try Cascarets AT ONCE, and be healthier and happier for it. Some people have CHRONIC CONSTIPATION with all the horrors derived from it; others have HAB-ITUAL CONSTIPATION from carelessness and neglect, but nearly EVERYBODY has OCCASIONAL CONSTIPATION, which, if not

EVERYBODY has OCCASIONAL CONSTIPATION, which, it not promptly taken care of is liable to result in its degeneration into the worse forms and cause great suffering and perhaps death.

Cascarets, if taken patiently and regularly, will remedy all of these awful troubles, but if taken promptly at the very first sign of an irregularity of the Bowels, will act as the FINEST PREVENTIVE ever discovered and will keep all the machinery running in good order.

We advise you to get a little 10c box of Cascarets TO-DAY and carry it in your purse or vest pocket. Take one when you feel anything unusual about your bowels. Your own druggist will sell you the little box, under GUARANTY of satisfaction or money refunded. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c.

The Equal of Any Fighting Vessel Now Afloat or

WASHINGTON, February 6.-Senator

WASHINGTON, February 6.—Senator Hale to-day presented to the Senate the fectalled plans for the big battleship which it is proposed shall be built as the equal of any fighting vessel now affoat or planned. The general information as to the dimensions of the proposed ship were made public serveral months ago, but very little has been known as to the strength of the batteries. This information now will be given to the public, including all foreign powers, if they desire it, in the form of a public document. The plans call for a public document will consist of a main battery-of ten 12-inch breechicading ritles, mounted on dive electrically-controlled turrets on the centre line; two forward above the forecastle deck the second firling over the two after turrets. There are to be two after turrets. There are to be two attent urrets. The plans call the committee holds that the regulation of woman and child labor is within the police power of the various States.

This report was made in compilance with the resolution from the House Committee to Judiciary submittee on Judiciary, submitted a report to-day in diciary, submitted a report to-day in diciary, submitted a report to-day in diciary, submitted a report to-day in which it is stated emphatically that the committee is of the opinion "that Congress has no jurisdiction."

WASHINGTON, February 6.—Chairman Jenkins, of the House Committee on Judiciary, submitted a report to-day in which it is stated emphatically that the committee is of the opinion "that Congress has no jurisdictio

Library Furniture,

Turkish Leather Chairs,

Hat Racks, Couches,

Odd Dressers,

Brass Beds,

grans, four 3-pounder saluting guns, four the pounder semi-automatic, two 3-inch lidduleces and two machine guns of .35 callbre.

The secondary battery of fourteen 5-inch guns will be located on the gundeck, forming two broadside batterles of five the commanding positions so as to give a lorge unobstructed range of fire.

Post-Office Appointments.

WASHINGTON, D. C., February 6.—These pestmasters were appointed to-day:

Wirgina-Gunsum, Fairfax county, Joseph significations, Fairfax

FOSTER CASE IS

FULLY ARGUED

(Continued From First Page.)

(Continued From First Page.)

Inis contention that the State has the right to institute a suit where as interests are involved or wherein and rights and interests of the people of the State are directly concerned. He argued that the Constitution specifically and expressly gave to the General Board exclusive jurisdiction in cases involving the removal or appointment of officers, and that the provision was made for appeal therefrom, and that the second phase of the case. He contended that the provision that the state are directly concerned. He argued that the Constitution was to the second phase of the case. He consulted that the constitution was to the second phase of the case. He contended that the critical standard and court is sufficient to the second phase of the case. He contended that the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond had not jurisdiction to the second phase of the case. He contended that the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond had not jurisdiction to the second phase of the case. He contended that the Circuit Court of the case, the jurisdiction of this board and entertain the figuration with the provision of this board and entertain the figuration with the contended that the Circuit Court of the case, the jurisdiction of the contended that the Circuit Court of the case, the jurisdiction of this board and maintain this Contended that the defondance in the property right, and that the contended that the Circuit Court of the case, the jurisdiction of this property right, and that the defondance in the property right, and tha

ouths to support and maintain this Constitution.

The power to remove for cause is discretionary and of a judicial nature. The focurts cannot reviw the acts of this board, performed under authority expressly conferred upon them by the Constitution. Mr. Anderson quoted two decisions bearing on the case, one involving the right of a court to summarily remove an election officer and another very similar to this.

The attorney argued that a suit against an officer of the State was a suit against an officer. And it against the State, and that it could not be enjoined. In support of this second contention, Mr. Anderson quoted the statute conferring exclusing the right of a court to summarily remove an election officer and another very similar to this.

The attorney argued that a suit against an officer of the State was a suit against an

Great and Serious Issue.

Mr. Anderson was followed by Mr. Jeffries for the respondent. He declared that if the details of this case could be rehearsed before the court they would shock its conscience. The very able argument of the opposing counsel, he contended, showed conclusively that artion of his client and of his colleague was not a merequipped, designed to retain Dr. Foster in his office, but was a great and serious issue. The speaker then elaborated the arguments set forth succinctly yesterday in the analysis of answer filed with the court. The proceeding, he characterized as a petition for a writ of prohibition, first to the writ of certiorari and then to the injunction. He stated the four grounds on which he contended the writ of certiorari would lie just as they were stated in, the printed answer, and considered each exhaustively, citing many opinions of ceuties to sustain his contended. without notice, but where cause was required it was deemed best to give the superintendent removed notice and a hearing before final removal. The action of the board was not subject to review by certification or otherwise, being periods.

sin cours, in which the right of a board of supervisors to remove and of a court to review this action by writ of certiorarit, was passed upon, but asserted that there were few instances in which a case had been brought up from County to Circuit Court in this State by certiorarity proceedings, and cited a case from Fredericksburg as the only one of t.o kind on record in Viginia.

The writ of certiorari at common law is used in two classes of cases: First, to remove a case from an inferior to a superior court or to a court of concurrent jurisdiction, as in a change of venue; and in a manner analagous to a writ of error. In this State it is used exclusively after verdict and judgment, and as a writ of error. In three or four quoted cases the writ of certiorari was refused. The attorney disposed of the several cuses ciled from other States, in all of which, he contended, the court awarding the writ had original jurisdiction. Where the writ is in the nature of a writ of error, it cannot and will not be invoked until after final judgment. The Circuit Court had no jurisdiction to Issue a writ of certiorari in this case, wherein a co-ordinate department of the administration of the government tain its institution. It could only be invoked upon a statement of facts showing that the general board had eximally a formal compilance with law before withing that the general board had eximal proposed in the formal compilance with law before withing that the general board had eximal proposed with law before a formal compilance with law before a formal compilance with law before with a formal compilance with law before a formal compilance with law before with a formal compilance with law before with a work of the carried of a writ of certiorari in this case, wherein a co-ordinate department of the government is involved.

judgment was predetermined, and this alleged hearing was nothing more than a formal compliance with law before carrying out its arranged program. He cited the fact that Dr. Brunk had been selected as superintendent before the hearing had been completed. Continuing, Mr. Jeffries reviewed the legal ammifications and complications incident to ifications and complications incident to Dr. Foster's effort to defend his character and his rights.

A Pointed Question.

A Pointed Question.

Mr. Jeffries was arguing that the court should refeuse the petition for a writ of prohibition when Julge Keith interrupted him with the important and cruelal question: "Suppose the court refuses the writ of prohibition, what will result?"

The question was unexpected, and somewhat nonplussed Mr. Jeffries, hat he replied that the case will come up for review upon the writ of certiorari. If the board cannot remove, this court cannot say that you shall remove, because there is no other tribunal before which it can be brought. This court can do complete justice or send the case back for the record.

Taking a fresh hold and resuming his argument, Mr. Jeffries contended that if the board removes Dr. Floster in full compliance with the Constitution, then this court has no authority to review it, but if he was removed in defiance of the limitations of the Constitution, then the case is reviewable here. If the board sitting in a judicial capacity is not qualified to sit, surely there is a review of their account. The speaker then specified what he regarded as acts and conditions disqualitying the board or certain members from sitting, declaring that they had testified as witnesses and straightent upon the man against whom they had testified,

as witnesses and straightway ascended the bench and passed judgment upon the man against whom they had testified. He contended that this board was such an inferior tribunal as to make its acts reviewable by the Appellate Court, and quoted authorities in support of this contention. Continuing, he discussed briefly the question of what constitutes an impartial trial; whether the writ, of certiorari can issue before final judgment, and whether, if the court has disqualified itself to sit, it lacks jurisdiction to sit in judgment, contending that it had not jurisdiction of the case.

Finally he contended that the General Board has not the power to bring application for the writ; that the local hospital boards are corporations, with all powers of corporations, but that the Gen

Attorney-General's Conclusion.
Attorney-General Anderson concluded the argument in a brief speech, in which he spoke with his usual force and carnesiness and reinforced the contentions of Mr. It. W. Anderson, who, he said had lightened the work for the State by the able and luminous argument. Major Anderson vigorously attacked the contention that the General Board had no jurisdiction to bring this proceeding. The Constitution, he argued specifically clothed this General Hoard with exclusive jurisniction and with plenary powers. Arguing from the standpoint of expediency, the speaker declared that if there ever was a case in which the State should intervene, it was this.

After covering the other questions presented that the

In which the State should intervene, it was this.

After covering the other questions presented Major Anderson said in consusion: We insist that the city of Willamsburg was without jurisdiction to is size this writ of certiorari. In this case there was no record, no proceedings in the city of Williamsburg or within its jurisdiction. The General Board has no domicile, this being wherever it may choose to sit. There is no analogy between this General Hospital Board and a county board of supervisors, the General Board had county board of supervisors, the General Board had county board of supervisors, the General Board heing an Independent tribunal coordinate in authority with the courts. There is no renedy where it transcends its powers any more than there is it this court should exceed its powers. Authorities all agree that courts of equity have no sethority to interfere with the General Hospis-2 Board in this case.

Major Anderson's argument concluded the hearing, and the court rose.

Among the interested listeners in the courtroom during the argument were Hon, A. C. Braxton, who will ament for Mr.

Among the interested listeners in the courtroom during the argument were Hon. A. C. Braxton, who will appear for Mr. Lawless and Dr Foster in the contempt proceedings before the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond to-day; Mr. John S. Eggleston, former assistant to the Attorney-General; Hon. J. R. Caton, of Alexandria; Hon. Thomas H. Edwards, of West Point, and many others of West Point, and many others.

Willie Stanley, colored, charged with selling cocaine to negro women, was fined \$100 and required to give 500 security for twelve months yesterday morning in the Police Court. Stanley was captured by Police Officers Fowlkes and Bryant.

Had Concealed Weapon.

Thomas Jackson, charged with being a deserter from the United States Navy, who was caught at Twelfth and Main Streets by Detective Wiltshire on Tuesday afternoon, was given twelve months in jull yesterday morning on the charge of carrying a concealed weapon. The naval authorities will be communicated with with a view to establishing the man's identity.

Words of Praise

For the several ingredients of which Dr. Pierce's medicines are composed, as given by leaders in all the several schools of

Pierce's modicines are composed, as given by leaders in all the several schools of medicine, should have far more weight than any amount of non-professional testimonials. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription has the badge of honesty on every bottle-wrapper, in a full list of all its ingredients printed in plain English.

If you are an invalid woman and suffer from frequent headache, backache, gnawing district in stomach, periodical pains, disagreetife, catarrhal, pelvic drain, dragging down distress in lower abdomen or pelvic, perhaps dark spots or specks dancing before the eyes, faint spells and kindied symptoms caused by fomalo weakness, of the derangement of the feminine organs, but can not do better than take Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

The hispital, surgeon's knife and operating tatte may be avoided by the timely use of Favorite Prescription." In such cases. Thereby the obnoxious examinations.

ting talke may be avoided by the timely use of Vavorite Prescription" in such cases. Thereby the obnoxious examinations and local treatments of the family physician can be avoided and a thorough course of successful treatment carried out in the privacy of the home. "Favorite Prescription" is composed of the very best native medicinal roots known to medical science for the cure of women's peculiar aliments, contains no alcohol and no harmful or habit-forming drugs.

Do not expect too much from "Favorite Prescription;" it will not perform miracles; it will not disolve or cure tumors. No medicine will. It will do as much to establish vigorous health in most weeknesses and aliments peculiarly incident to women as any medicine can. It must be given a fair chance by perseverance in its use for a reasonable length of time.

You can't afford to accept a seret nostrum as a substitute for this remody of know, composition.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, free. All correspondence is gnarded as sacredly secret and womanly confidences are protected by professional privacy. Address Ir. R. V. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets the best lamitive and regulator of the bowels. They invigorate stomach, liver and bowels. One a laxative; two or three a cathartic. Easy to take as candy.

Guaranteed under the Pure Food and Drugs Law-Serial No. 65

Omega O

For Weak Backs If you happen to be one of those unfortunate people with a weak, lame, tired, aching back, it is time you tried

Omega Oil. Once in awhile Omega Oil fails to cure a very bad case of long standing, but there never was a case where it failed to give

relief. You don't have to buy bottle after bottle. Usually one or two rubbings stop the pain. It has time and again proved a blessing to those whose suffering is hard to bear. Omega Oil is entirely different from other liniments. In stubborn cases like Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica and Neuralgia it has often effected results that can be called wonderful. You may not believe in external treatment, but you will change your mind after using

Omega Oil. It has been tried so often that there is no longer any doubt about it.

Three sizes: 10c., 25c., 50c. Free sample Omega Oll Soap in every bottle.



Richmond Homoeopathic Pharmacy,

Corner Fifth and Main.

This is the day of Olive Oil. We have it-the ver

Grape Julee-Delicious and Perfectly Pure



John Sharp Williams Introduces Bill to Recover for Captured Property.

By WALTER EDWARD HARRIS. WASHINGTON, D. C., February 6 .-

Representative Williams, of Mississippi, has introduced a bill to give the Court of Claims jurisdiction of claims for captured and abandoned property which was sold and the proceeds placed in the United States Treasury.

The bill contains important features, differing somewhat from former bills on the subject, which have been proposed in the effort to dispose of the fund under the act of 1869, which amounts to about \$9,000,000, and which the Supreme Cour declared was a trust fund.

The bill gives jurisdiction to the Court of Claims, notwithstanding any former sult to recover the proceeds of property selzed by the government during the civil war may have been dismissed for want of jurisdiction, with the proviso that no proof shall be required of the loyalty of the claimant or of the original owner of the property selzed or taken by the United States at the time of the by the United States at the time of the selzure. Any testimony, affidavits, reports of officers, or other papers in the departments or the courts, shall be considered competent evidence. All judgments are to be paid out of the captured and abandoned property fund.

The section most differing from former similar measure, and is intended to

similar measure, and is intended to eliminate speculators who bought from Southern people reduced to penury by the war the claims they were compelled to sacrifice, is as follows:

Provisions of Bill.

"That all sales, transfers, or assignments, of any claims against said fund heretofore or hereafter made, except such as have occurred in the due administration of decedents' estates, and all contracts heretofore made for fees and allowances to claimants' attorneys ere hereby declared null ana yoid, and all warrants issued by the Secretory rre hereby declared null and void, and all warrants issued by the Secretary of the Treasury in payment of such judgments shall be made payable to the claimant or his 'awful heirs, executors or administrators, or transferred under administration proceedings, except so much thereof as shall be allowed claimants' attorneys by the court for prosecuting said claims; and the court of claims in rendering judgment under this act shall, in each case, fix the amount of compensation to the attorney or attorneys prosecuting the claim in said court."

Confiscated Property

Confiscated Property.

Confiscated Property.

"By act of Congress, in 1863, United States officers were directed to seize certain property belonging to people in the seceding States, which is was suspected was to be used to get revenue for the Confederacy. In 1867, Congress passed an act to refund the proceeds of the sale of the captured and abandoned property, to all claimants who proved their loyalty, the act applying to all persons who brought suit within a certain length of time, expiring in 1869.

"In the meanwhille, Andrew Johnson's immesty proclamation was promulgated, including nearly all classes of Southern people, and oxcluding only a few. A test suit set up that the pardon of amnesty removed all taint of disloyality, and this contention the United States Supreme Court sustained, and held that the fund was a trust fund.

"Before the claimant could get the



GOOD FOR THE EYES

Correctly fitted Spectacles and Eyeglasses improve and preserve the sight, giving comfort and health. That is the kind we supply, and the service we render is recognized as the highest standard of excellence. Complete nized as the highest standard of excellence. Complete optical manufacturing plant on the premises. PRE-SCRIPTION WORK IS OUR SPECIALTY. Lowest charges and satisfaction guaranteed. Our

KODAK

department is complete in every respect, and the de-veloping and printing is executed by artists of high merit and on short notice. Mall orders receive prompt attention.

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Defense A MAN CAN HAVE AGAINST POVERTY IS HARD WORK AND A SAVINGS ACCOUNT,

IT TAKES DAILY TRAINING TO MAKE AN ATHLETE,

IT TAKES DAILY SAVING TO BUILD A FORTUNE,

The Merchants National Bank Eleventh and Main Streets.

3% Interest Allowed on Savings Deposits.

Sydnor & Hundley's Annual February Sale. Red Tags Are on 1,000 Pieces Including

The choicest Bed-Room Furniture, in The choicest Dining in mahogany and oak. mahogany, oak and bird-eye maple. Medium Bed-Room Furniture.

Colonial Furniture. Odd Bureaus, Den Furniture, Chiffoniers. Parlor Suits,

Medium Dining-Room Furniture.

Book Cases, China Cases, Ladies' Desks, 1 Mahogany Mirrors, Rugs of Every Size,

view by certiorari or otherwise, being per-formed under ample constitutional au-Only Case in Virginia. Addressing himself to the invocation of the unusual writ of certiorari, the at-

In fact, the items are innumerable. All of which are choice, up-to-date Furniture of all grades and are recommended by Sydnor & Hundley. We invite an inspection of the goods and prices

Every Piece With

Red Tag

Is Greatly Reduced in Price

This is the Greatest Special Sale We Have Ever Put On

The choicest Dining-Room Furniture,

We cannot too highly recommend the

We advise our friends to take this op-portunity of supplying their needs at a

Sydnor & Hundley, Inc.,

709-711-713 East Broad Street.

Richmond, Va.